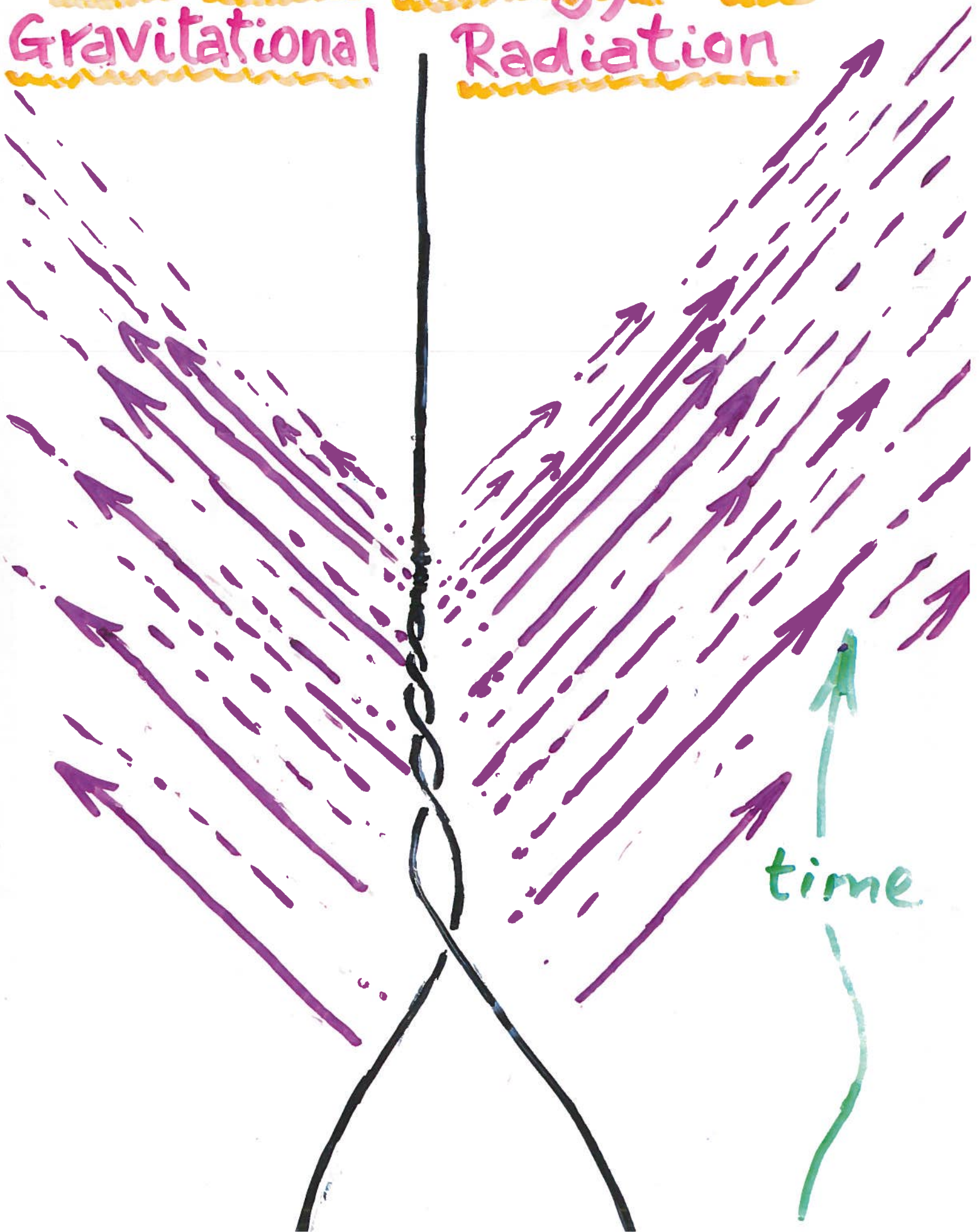


The Mass-Energy of Gravitational Radiation



calculate
Trautman-Bondi: mass

$u = \text{const.}$

$u = \text{const.}$

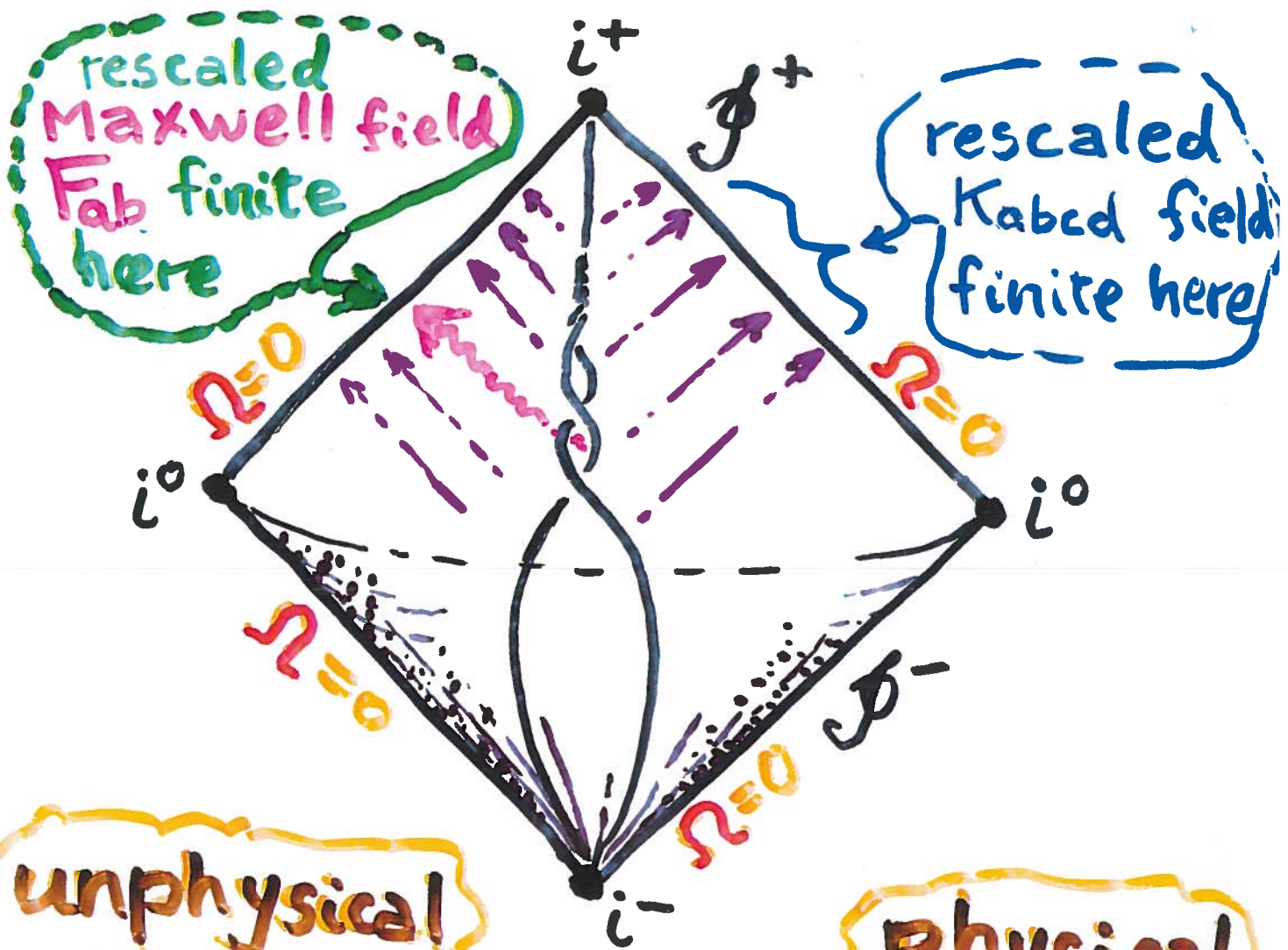
$u = \text{const.}$

later
Trautman-Bondi: $u =$
time

calculate
ADM mass

$T = \text{const}$

calculate
ADM mass



unphysical metric

physical metric

$$g_{ab} = \Omega^2 \tilde{g}_{ab}$$

Maxwell tensor

$$F_{ab} = \tilde{F}_{ab}$$

Weyl conformal tensor

$$C_{abcd} = \Omega^2 \tilde{C}_{abcd}$$

gravitational tensor

$$K_{abcd} = \Omega \tilde{K}_{abcd}$$

these are equal

How/why do gravitational degrees of freedom get killed off as gravitational degrees of freedom & where do they go?

Under conformal rescaling

$$\hat{g}_{ab} = \Omega^2 g_{ab}$$

the Weyl curvature \hat{C}_{abcd}

$$\hat{C}_{abcd} = \Omega^2 C_{abcd}$$

Define

$$\hat{K}_{abcd} = \hat{C}_{abcd}$$

but

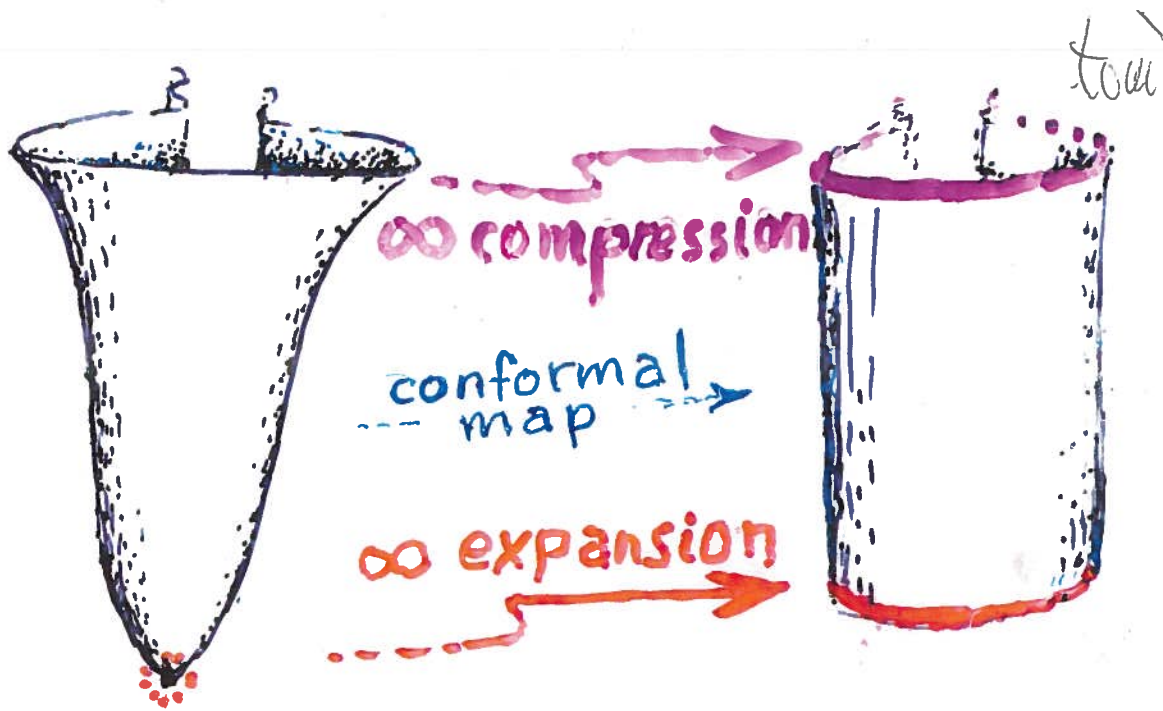
$$\hat{K}_{abcd} = \Omega K_{abcd}$$

since this gives a conformally invariant wave eqn.

- $\therefore K_{abcd}$ finite at future infinity } previous aeon
- $C_{abcd} = 0$ at future infinity } aeon
- $\therefore C_{abcd} = 0$ at Big Bang of current aeon

We find that degrees of freedom are not lost or go into

- { electric part \rightarrow DARK Matter
- { magnetic part \rightarrow Cotton conf. curv. of crossover



Two Mathematical Tricks

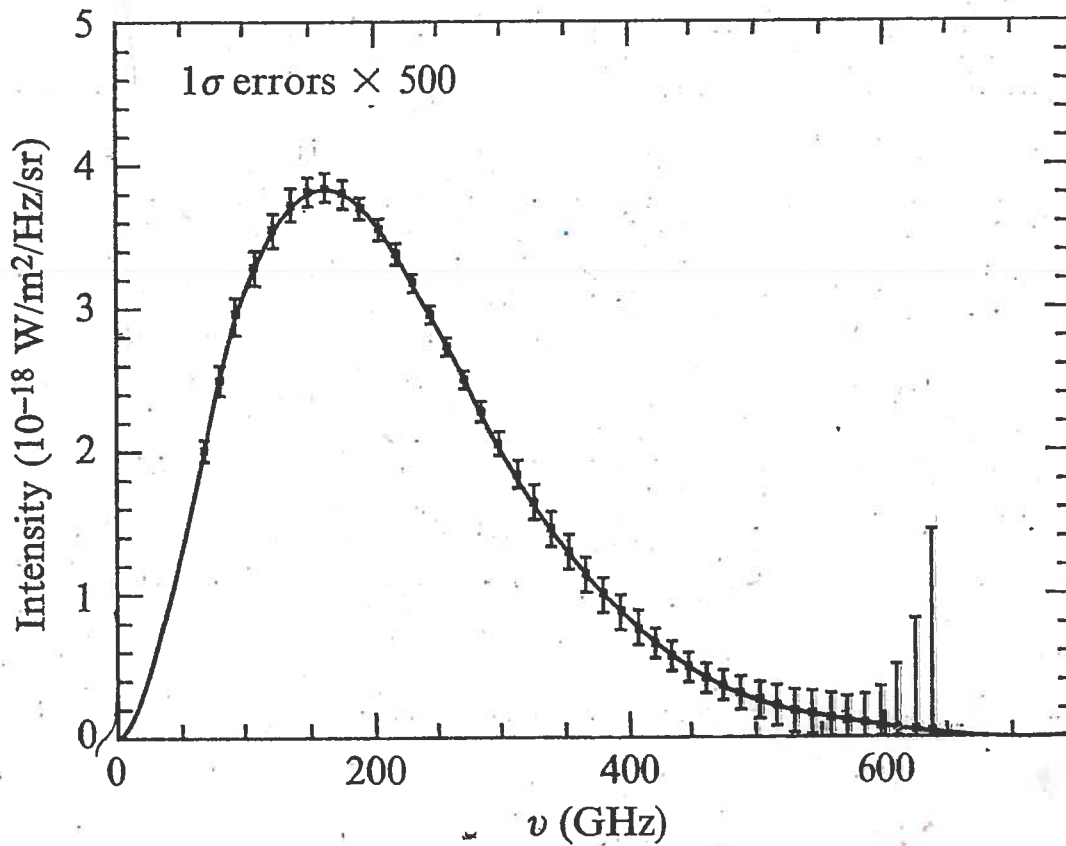
1. Squash down future infinity to get smooth future boundary

to

2. Stretch out Big Bang singularity to get smooth initial boundary

Spectrum of the Cosmic Microwave Background

CMB



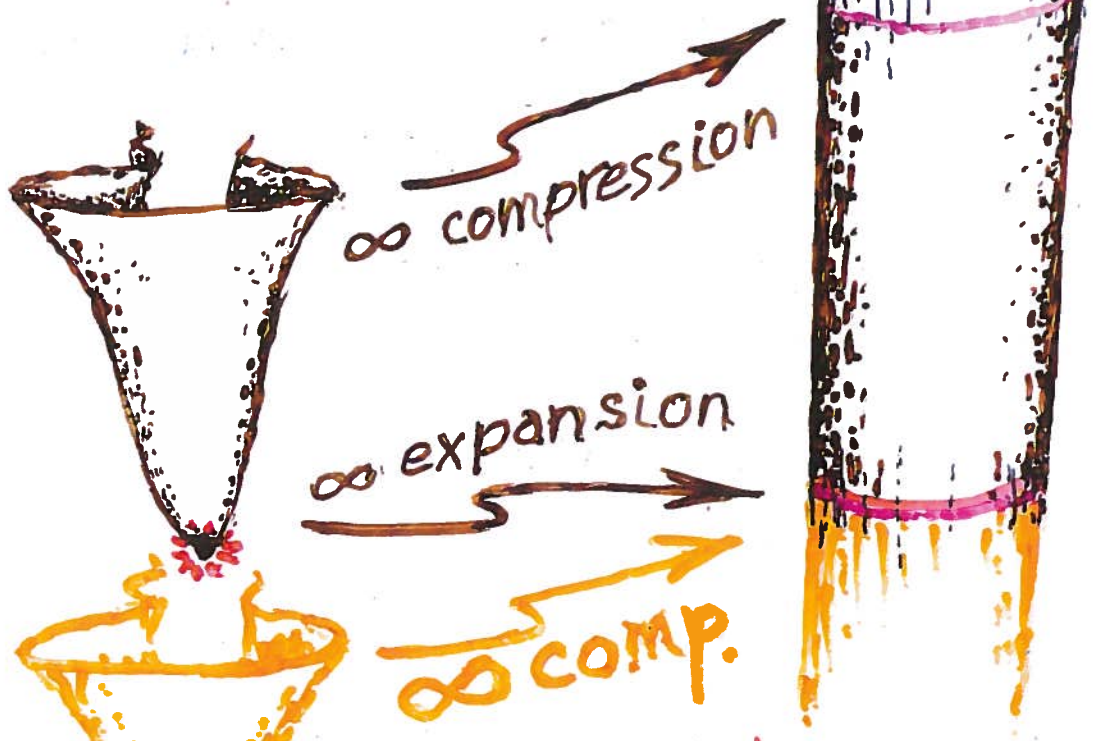
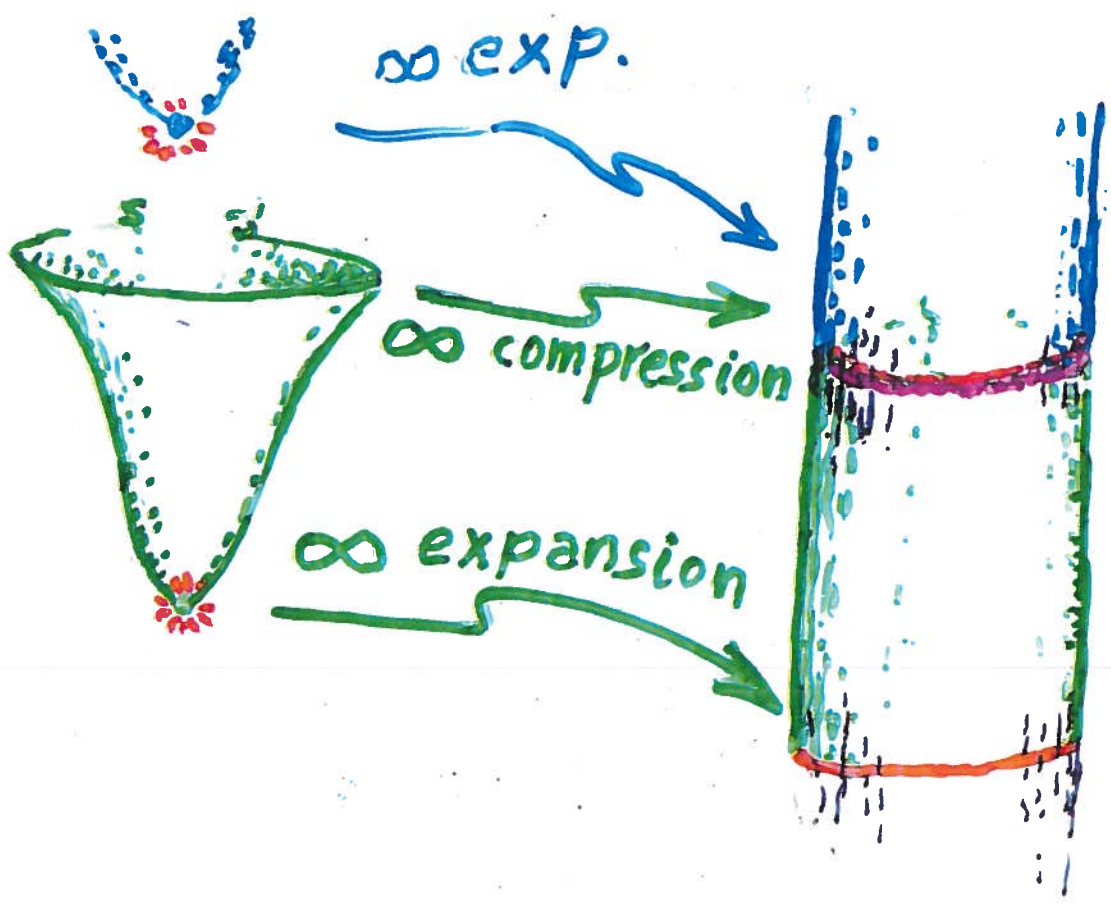
Note: error bars are exaggerated by a factor of 500.

The solid curve displays the Planck black body spectrum of thermal equilibrium.

- Works under very general circumstances (H. Friedrich)
(positive Λ)

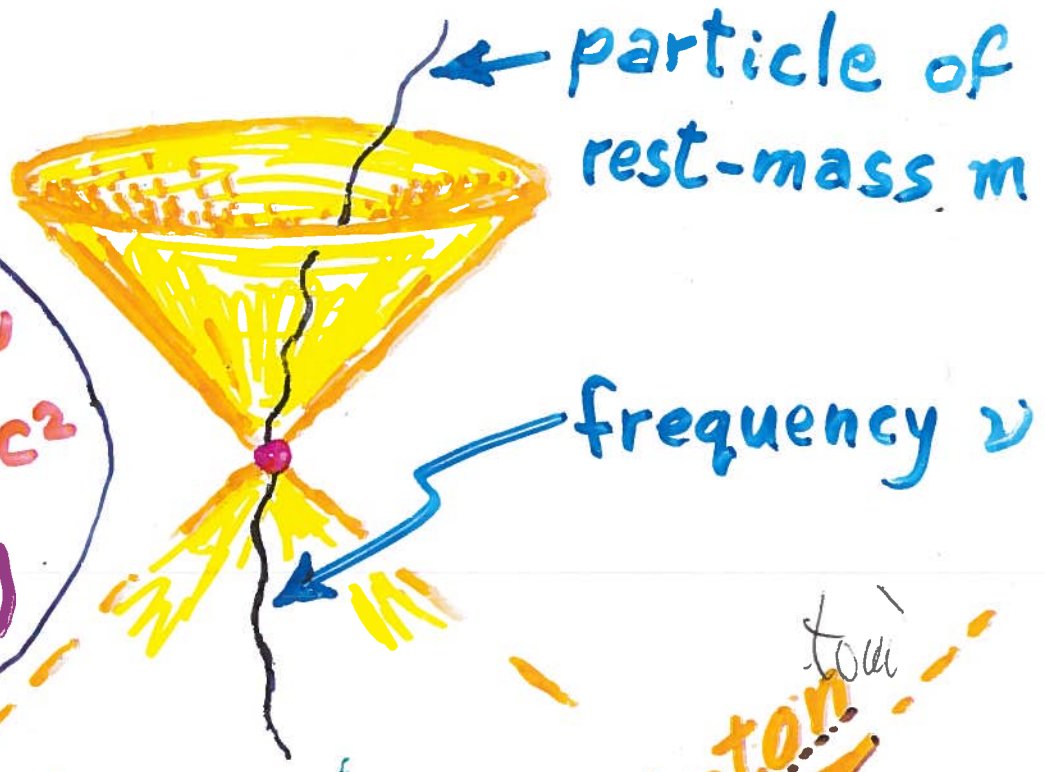
low

- Extremely strong restriction suppressing gravitational degrees of freedom (K.P. Tod.)



Conformal cyclic cosmology (ccc)

Planck: $E = h\nu$
 Einstein: $E = mc^2$
 $\therefore \nu = m \times \left(\frac{c^2}{h}\right)$

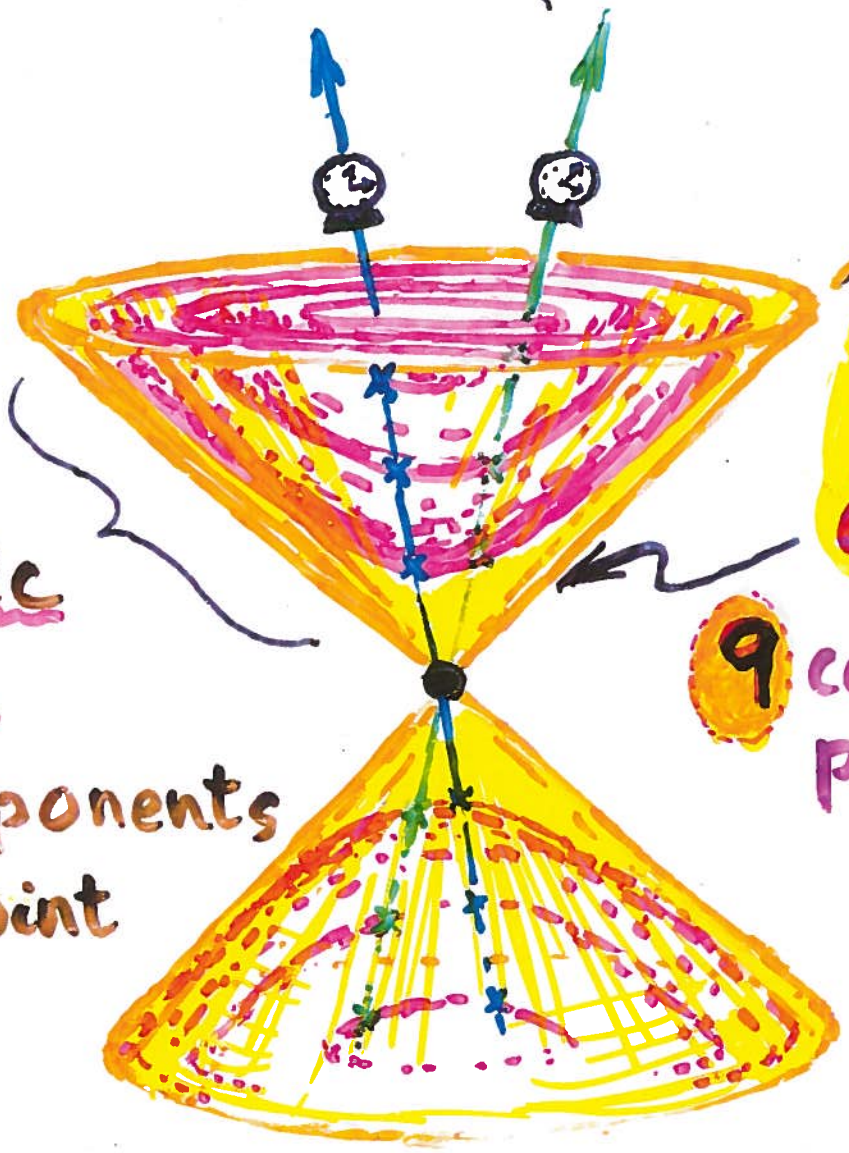


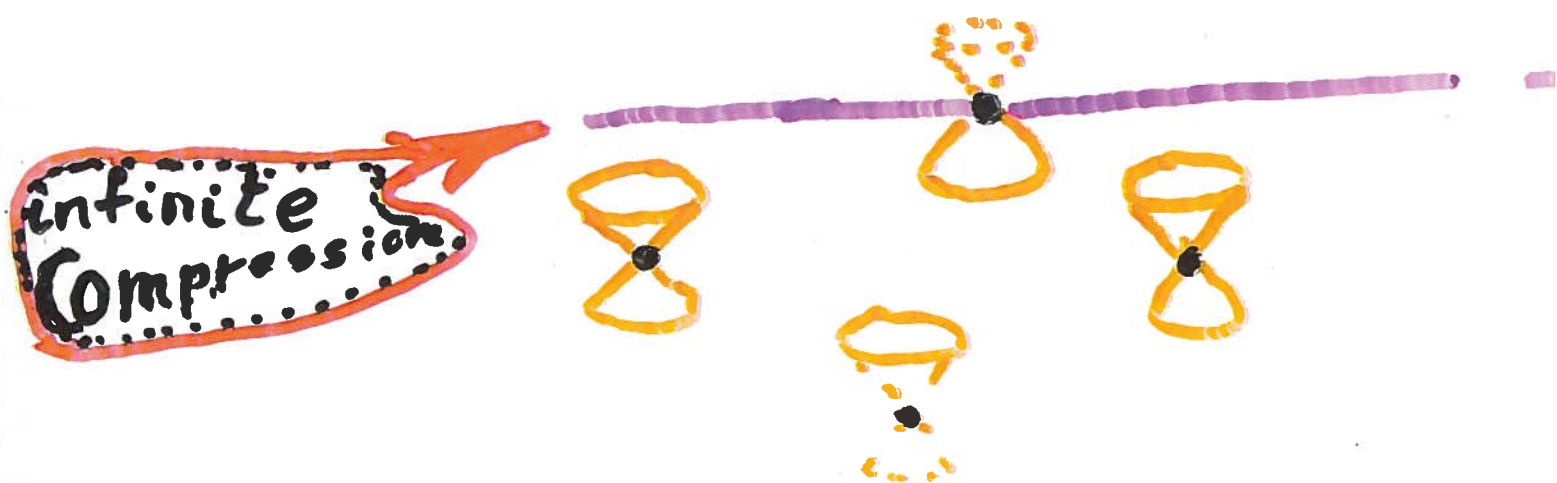
photon^{to}

conformal structure cone itself

metric
 g_{ab}
 10 components per point

9 components per point





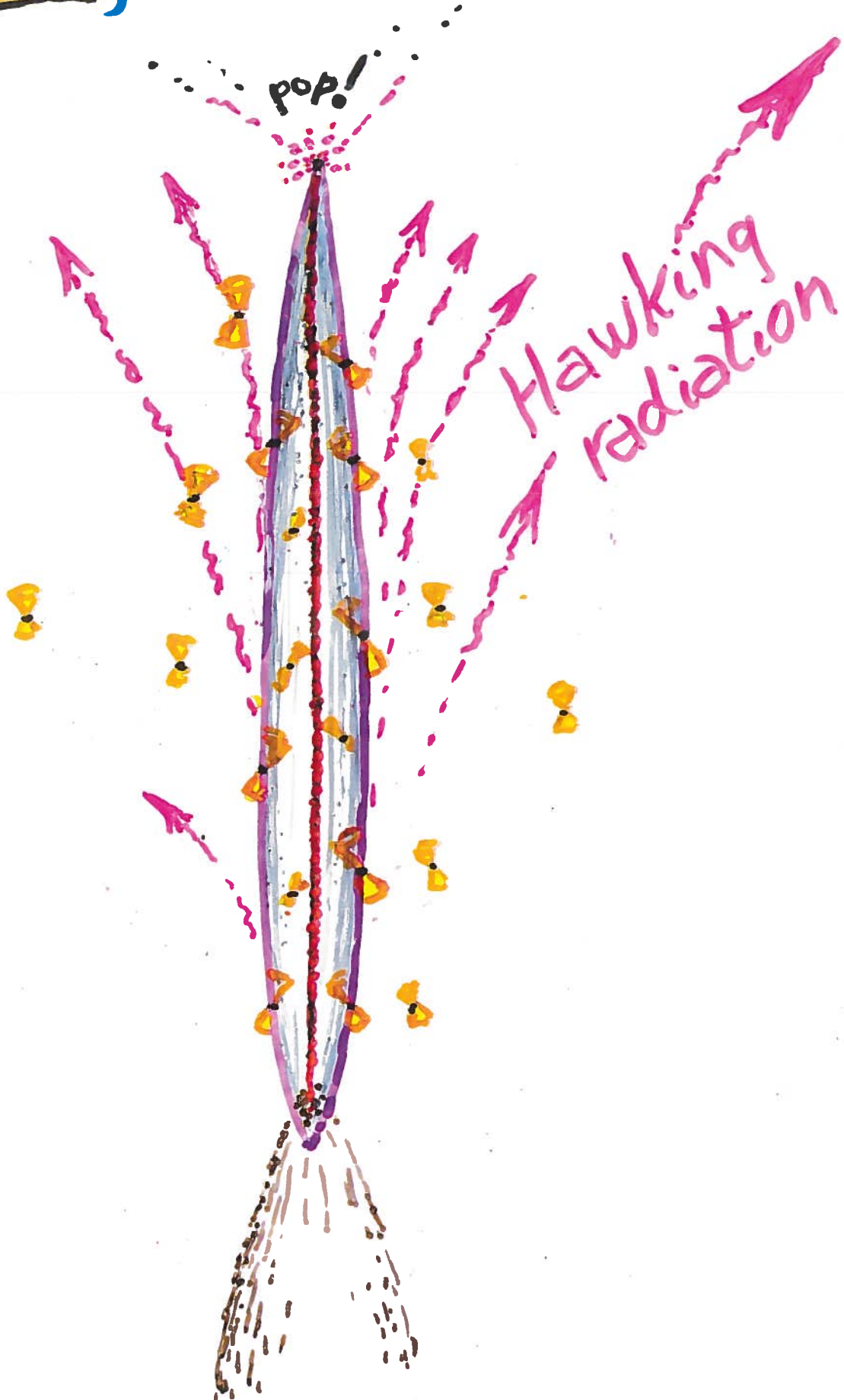
In the very remote future
(after $\sim 10^{100}$ years) almost all
that will be left will be
photons — massless, conformally
invariant, so light-cone
geometry is the relevant structure.

But what about rogue electrons,
positrons ... protons?

CCC-conjecture: in very remote
an "inverse Higgs" process takes
over & rest-mass eventually disappears

Hawking evaporating black hole

time →
up to ... ~10¹⁰⁰ years



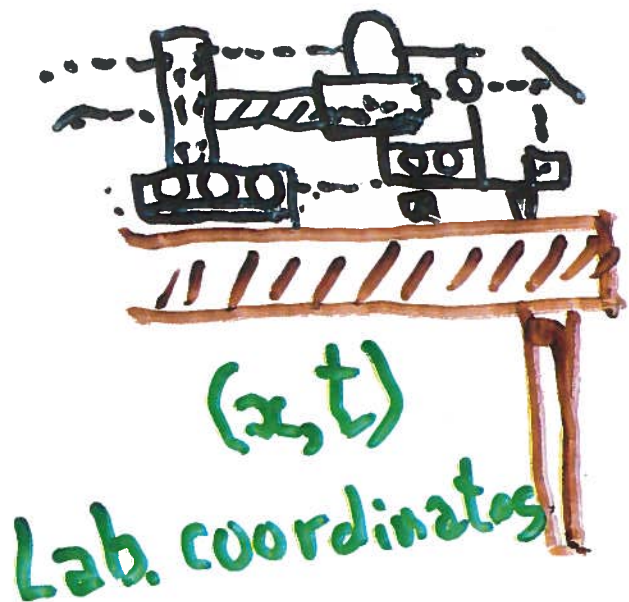
Weyl Curvature Hypothesis

The Big Bang must have been subject to a HUGE constraint — to a region of phase space no larger than 1 part in $10^{10^{12}}$

The specialness in the Big Bang appears to be only in Gravitation i.e. the Weyl curvature appears to have been = 0 at the Big Bang whereas it diverges wildly in black holes. But an awkward condition to state mathematically. Today's proposal: space-time extendible conformally (i.e. as light-cone structure) TO BEFORE



Just a mathematical trick! ? Temperatures become so large at the Big Bang that rest masses become ignorable



acceleration

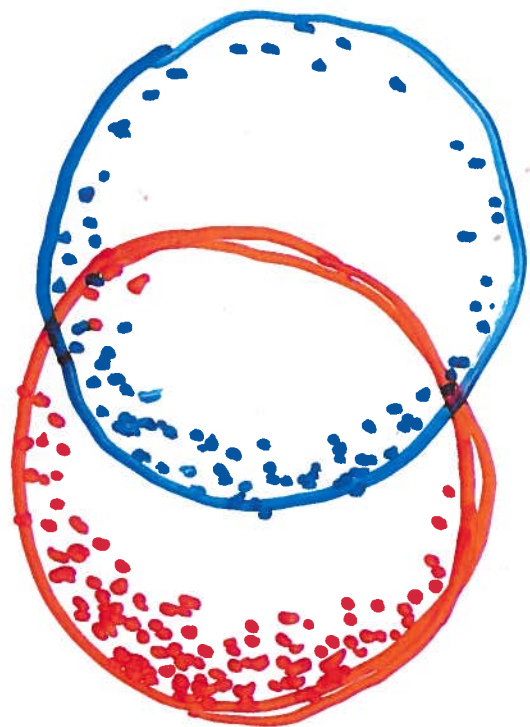
a

free-fall
coordinates
(X, T)

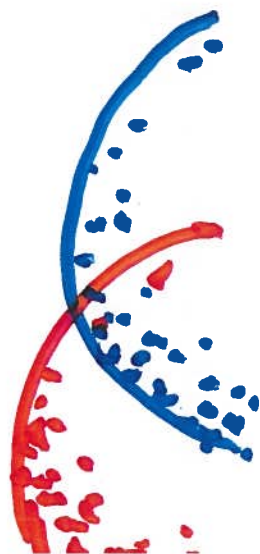
$$x = X + \frac{1}{2} T^2 a$$

$$t = T$$

$$\Psi_E = e^{i \left(\frac{t^3}{6} a \cdot a - t \bar{x} \cdot a \right) \frac{M}{\hbar}} \Psi_n$$



different
vacua

$$e^{i \frac{M}{\hbar} \left(\frac{t^3}{6} (a - \bar{a})^2 \right)}$$


error term

$$\int (a - \bar{a})^2 M \dots = t_n$$

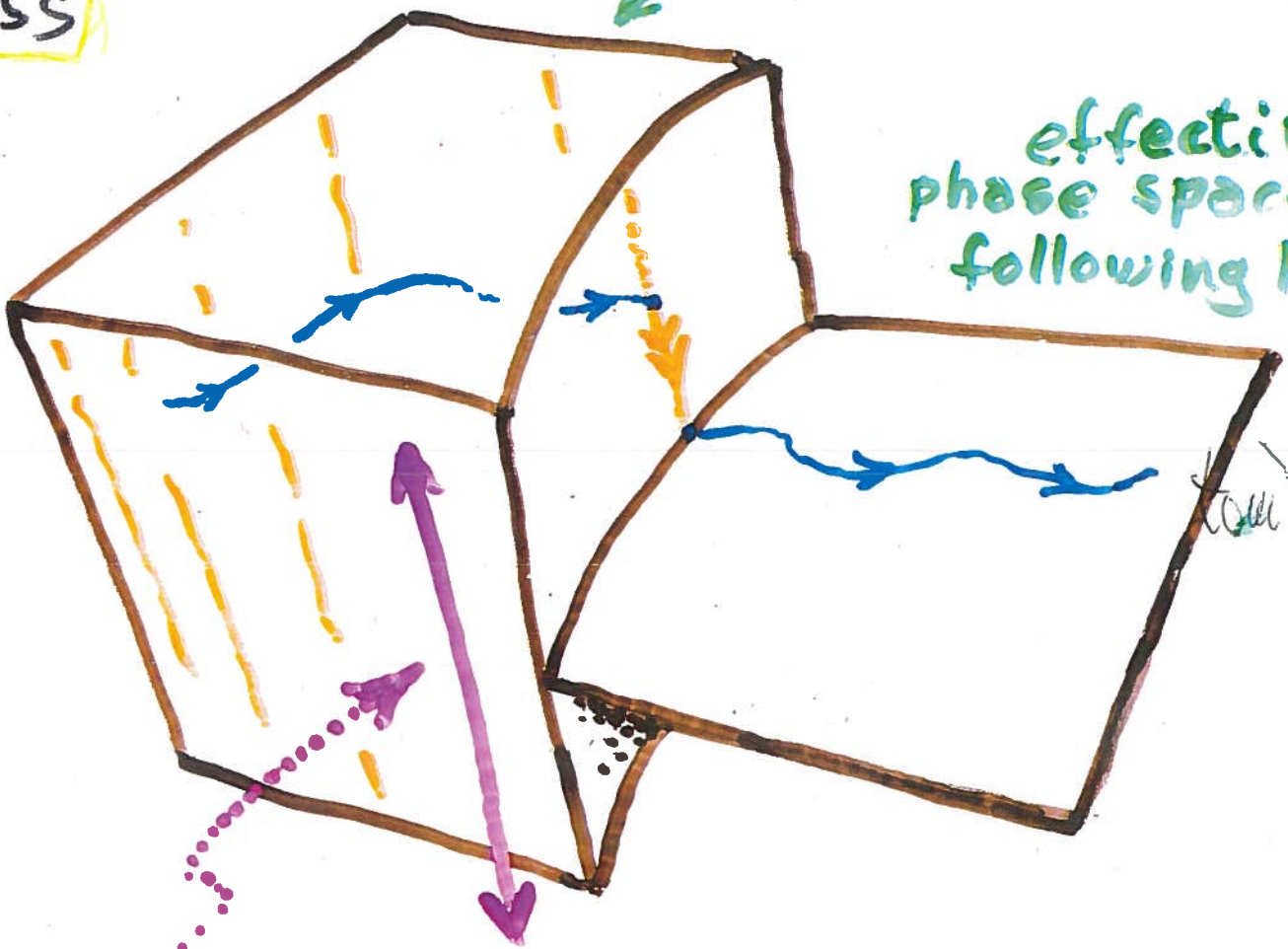
How can the 2nd Law be maintained in this cyclic universe model?

- By far, the major contribution to the entropy of our universe is, even now, in black holes, and this will surely increase in the future
- These black holes will eventually disappear by Hawking radiation
- Hawking originally argued that information (i.e. degrees of freedom) must be lost in black-hole evaporation
- Although Hawking later changed his mind, I argue that he was right the first time, and these degrees of freedom are indeed lost
"information paradox"
- Consequently, one must "renormalize" one's entropy definition after black holes evaporate away, and the new entropy value is drastically reduced
- The 2nd Law is TRANSCENDED not violated

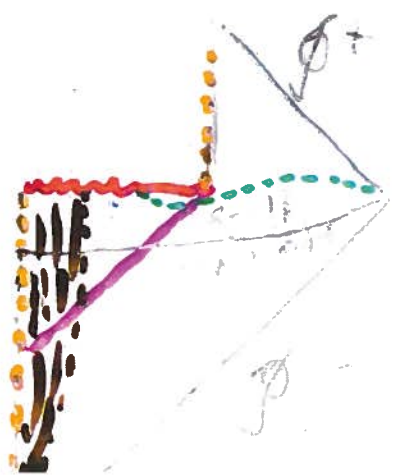
phase space
with info.
loss

phase space
prior to info.
loss

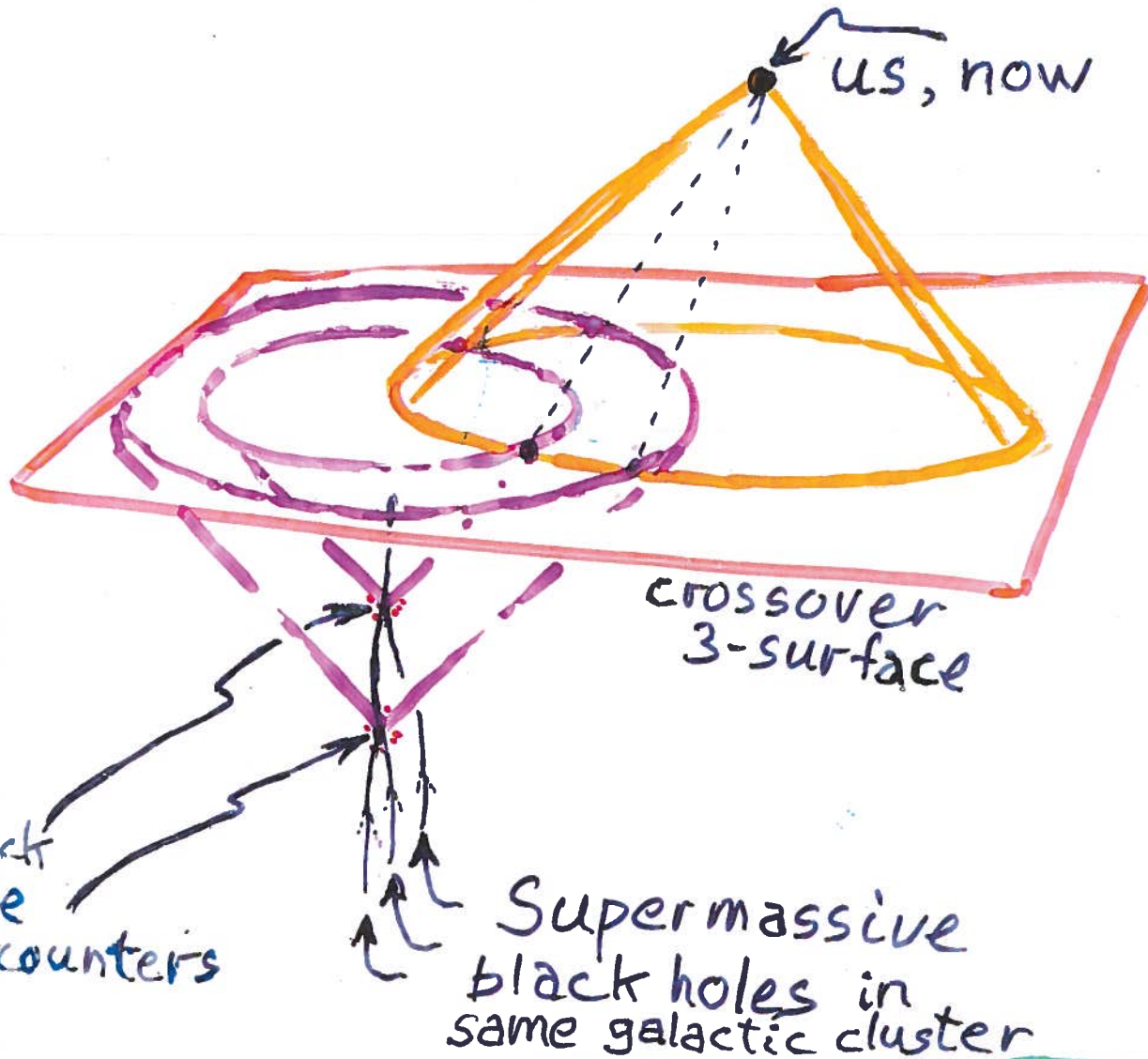
effective
phase space
following loss



degrees of freedom lost
in the black hole



Can we "see" through
into the aeon prior to ours?



- atypical temperature
- better diagnostic
- low variance
- concentric rings

I. Gurzadyan

What is Dark Matter according to CCC?

Pre-crossover Ω is a "phantom field", with no physical content. Post-crossover, Ω acts as a real physical field, where $T_{ab}[\Omega]$ now contributes positively to the total energy-momentum tensor, owing to the reciprocal hypothesis.

This new field provides the dominant matter contribution to the new big bang, and is interpreted as newly created dark matter, as it picks up mass. Its second derivatives pick up the electric part of K_{abcd} (magnetic part becomes Cotton tensor of crossover).

- Ω -field interacts only gravitationally
- suggests Ω -particle has \sim Planck mass
- must decay away completely by aon's end
- provides \sim scale invariant CMB temp. fluctuations of NEXT aeon! Spectral index?

Outline of LLL equations

$\omega^2 g_{ab} = \check{g}_{ab}$ $\omega = -\Omega^{-1}$ [reciprocal hypothesis]

Crossover \rightarrow

$\Omega^2 g_{ab} = \hat{g}_{ab}$

Pre-crossover Ω is a "phantom field" put in only to allow Einstein equations to be written in the conformally invariant form.

$$T_{ab}[\Omega] = \frac{1}{4\pi G} \Omega^3 D_{ab} \Omega^{-1}$$

$$= T_{ab} \leftarrow \text{EM of matter fields}$$

where the conformally invariant operator.

$$D_{ab} = \nabla_a \nabla_b - \frac{1}{4} g_{ab} \square - \frac{1}{2} R_{ab} + \frac{1}{8} R g_{ab}$$

Post-crossover $\Omega (= -\omega^{-1})$ becomes a real field conjectured to be the initial form of dark matter - soon to require a mass

- (1) Ω picks up (etc.) gravitational degrees of freedom
- (2) The Ω -field must eventually decay away
- (3) Mass value? Planck mass??!
- (4) gravitons? (5) CMB temperature fluctuations

Dark Matter Particles

EREBONS (Erebosons?)

after Erebus (Egyptian God of ^{Darkness} Darkness)

Conformal (spinless) partner of gravity

: only interacts gravitationally

Suggests: \sim Planck mass $\sim 10^{-5}$ g

Must decay over history of the aeon

D-P quantum state reduction

\Rightarrow behaves as classical particle

(NOT Planck-mass black hole)

Lifetime from Λ

Decays to classical "gravitons"

\sim Planck frequency \approx Ricci impulse

Gravitational Lenses

Weyl: purely astigmatic



Ricci: anastigmatic
(positive energy: positive lens)



Power $p = \frac{1}{\text{focal length}}$



2 lenses:

Total power: $p_1 + p_2 = \frac{1}{f_1} + \frac{1}{f_2}$



Could LIGO, or other grav wave detectors see erebon decay?

Some very rough figures

Assume erebon mass \approx Planck mass $\approx 10^{-5}g$
 \therefore decay energy $\approx E_p \approx 2 \times 10^9 J$

Use Planck units

Mass of Sun $\approx 2 \times 10^{33}g \approx 10^{38}$

\therefore Energy of LIGO BH encounters $\sim 10^{38}$
galaxy $\approx 10^{11}$ suns $\therefore \sim 10^{41}$ erebons



LIGO galaxies

close by, maybe individual events; $\sim 10^9$ ly away

can we assume erebon lifetime?

$\approx 10^{11}$ yrs $\approx 10^{18}$ s $\therefore 10^{23}$ decays/sec

Maybe Hertzberg Brown-Twiss in a galaxy gives identifiable signal Erebons! (compare 10^{45} stars)